

PCT

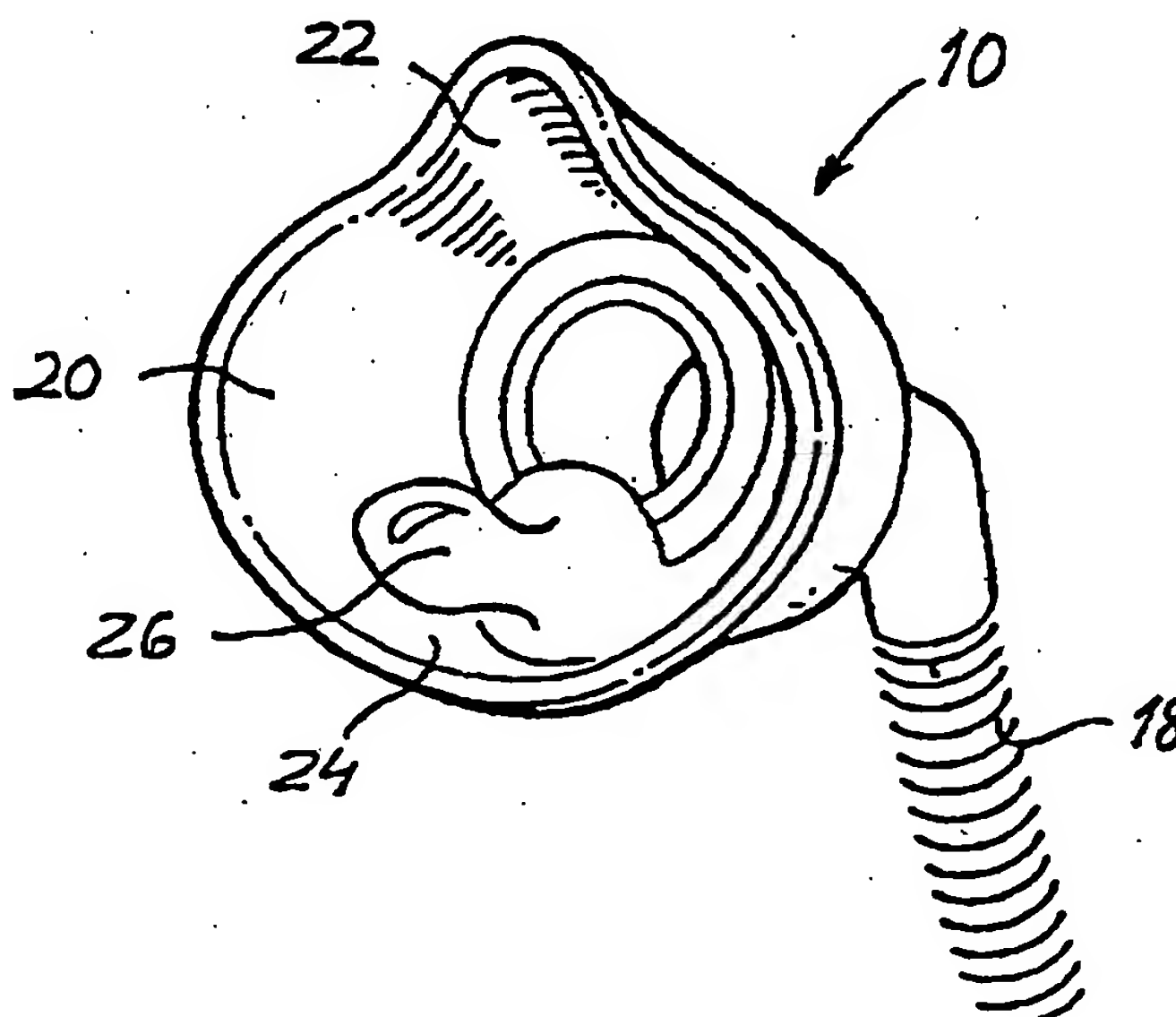
WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION  
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification <sup>5</sup> :  A61M 16/06, A62B 18/02	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 93/01854 (43) International Publication Date: 4 February 1993 (04.02.93)
<p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/SE92/00470</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 25 June 1992 (25.06.92)</p> <p>(30) Priority data: 9102205-3 19 July 1991 (19.07.91) SE</p> <p>(71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: DAHLSTRAND, Monika [SE/SE]; Saltövägen 3A, S-371 37 Karlskrona (SE).</p> <p>(74) Agent: BOBERG, Gunnar; Gambro AB, Patent Department, Box 10101, S-220 10 Lund (SE).</p> <p>(81) Designated States: JP, US, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE).</p>	<p>Published <i>With international search report.</i></p>	

(54) Title: ANAESTHETIC MASK FOR INFANTS



(57) Abstract

The invention relates to an anaesthesia mask for infants. The mask has an elastic wall (20) which is shaped so as to sealingly surround the child's facial region around the nose and mouth. A teat-shaped suction piece (26) is formed unitarily with a section (24) of the wall (20) beneath the mask's through opening for the gas.

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AT	Austria	FI	Finland	ML	Mali
AU	Australia	FR	France	MN	Mongolia
BB	Barbados	GA	Gabon	MR	Mauritania
BE	Belgium	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
BF	Burkina Faso	GN	Guinea	NL	Netherlands
BG	Bulgaria	GR	Greece	NO	Norway
BJ	Benin	HU	Hungary	PL	Poland
BR	Brazil	IE	Ireland	RO	Romania
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	RU	Russian Federation
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	SD	Sudan
CG	Congo	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CH	Switzerland	KR	Republic of Korea	SN	Senegal
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LI	Liechtenstein	SU	Soviet Union
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
CS	Czechoslovakia	LU	Luxembourg	TC	Togo
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	US	United States of America
DK	Denmark	MG	Madagascar		
ES	Spain				

5 TITLE

# ANAESTHETIC MASK FOR INFANTS

10 The invention relates to an anaesthesia mask for infants, comprising a central body section with a through-opening for connection of an anaesthesia tube to the mask, and a bowl-shaped elastic wall projecting from the body section which is shaped so as sealing surround the facial region of the child around the nose and mouth.

15 In order to anaesthetize infants, particularly babies, an anaesthesia mask of the above-mentioned type is often used which, during administration of the anaesthetic, is continuously pressed against the child's face by a nurse in order to maintain sealed contact. Such a mask is often  
20 seen by the child as a threat due to perceived difficulty in breathing in the mask through the nose. This disturbs the child so that anaesthetizing becomes much more difficult.

An anaesthesia administering device is known from  
25 EP-A-0 085 639 which includes a teat-shaped suction piece with which the child can suck a nozzle opening for the anaesthesia gas towards himself, the nozzle being formed on the outside of the teat and positioned in front of the nose. The gas can hereby be partially inhaled by the child,  
30 though the majority of the gas flows out to the surrounding air. This known device is intended to achieve a first phase of anaesthetizing, whereafter a normal anaesthesia mask is connected and placed over the face for subsequent anaesthetizing (c.f. page 4, lines 26-32; page 5, line 1  
35 and 2 of the EP publication).

An object of the present invention is to present an anaesthesia mask for infants which the child will happily accept so as to achieve a sealing gradual contact of the outer peripheral edge of the bowl-shaped wall of the mask against the face of the child around the nose and mouth so as to prevent leakage of anaesthesia gas around the mask and to thereby obtain complete anaesthesia with one single pass. In order to achieve this object, the anaesthesia mask according to the invention is characterized in that a teat-shaped suction piece is formed unitarily with a section of the wall beneath the through-opening, which suction piece is intended to be inserted into the child's mouth so as to facilitate a sealing gradual contact of the wall's outer peripheral edge against the face by means of the child sucking on the suction piece.

A suitable embodiment of the anaesthesia mask according to the invention will be described in more detail below with reference to the attached drawings in which Fig. 1 shows a cross-section through the mask according to the invention whilst in use, and Fig. 2 is a perspective view from the rear of the mask.

The anaesthesia mask 10 according to the invention which is made from rubber or another suitable elastic material comprises a central body section 12 with a through-opening 14 for a connection nipple 16 which is intended to be connected to an external anaesthesia gas tube 18 in order to direct a flow of gas towards the nostrils. A bowl-shaped wall 20 projects from the central section 12 and presents an upper region 22 which surrounds the child's nose, and a lower section 24 on which an inwardly projecting teat-shaped suction piece 26 is formed. The suction piece is totally sealed and formed in one piece with the lower section 24 of the mask's wall and is intended to be inserted in the child's mouth.

The wall 20 has an outer peripheral edge with a bead 28 on the side of the mask facing the child. The purpose of the bead 28 is to form a sealing contact of the mask against the child's face.

5           Before the mask is used, a sugar solution or similar may be applied to the teat-shaped suction piece 26, whereafter the suction piece is inserted in the child's mouth so that the child can happily suck on it so that the peripheral edge of the mask is drawn into sealing contact  
10           with the face around the nose and mouth (Fig. 1). Anaesthesia gas can thereafter be administered to anaesthetize the child.

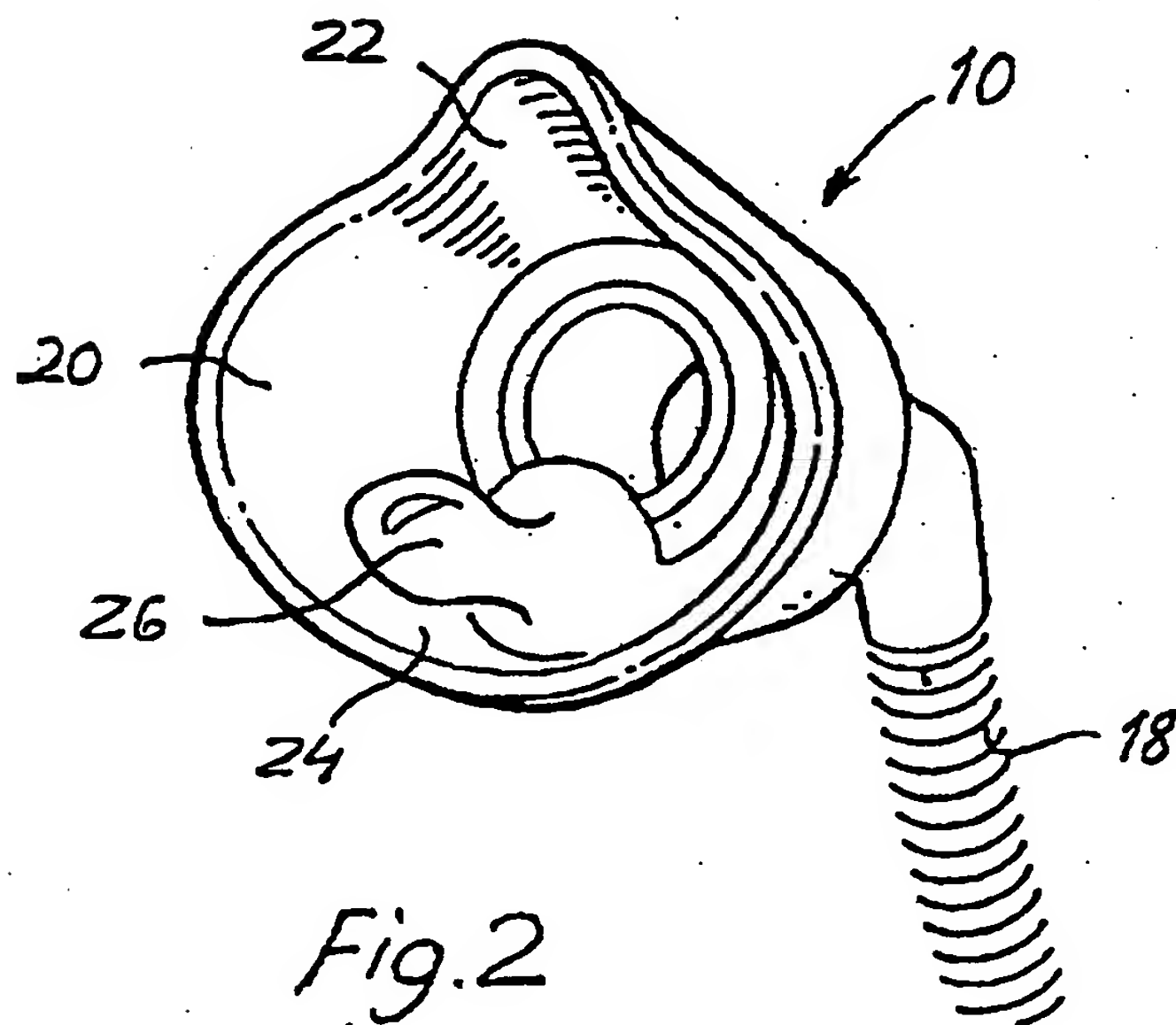
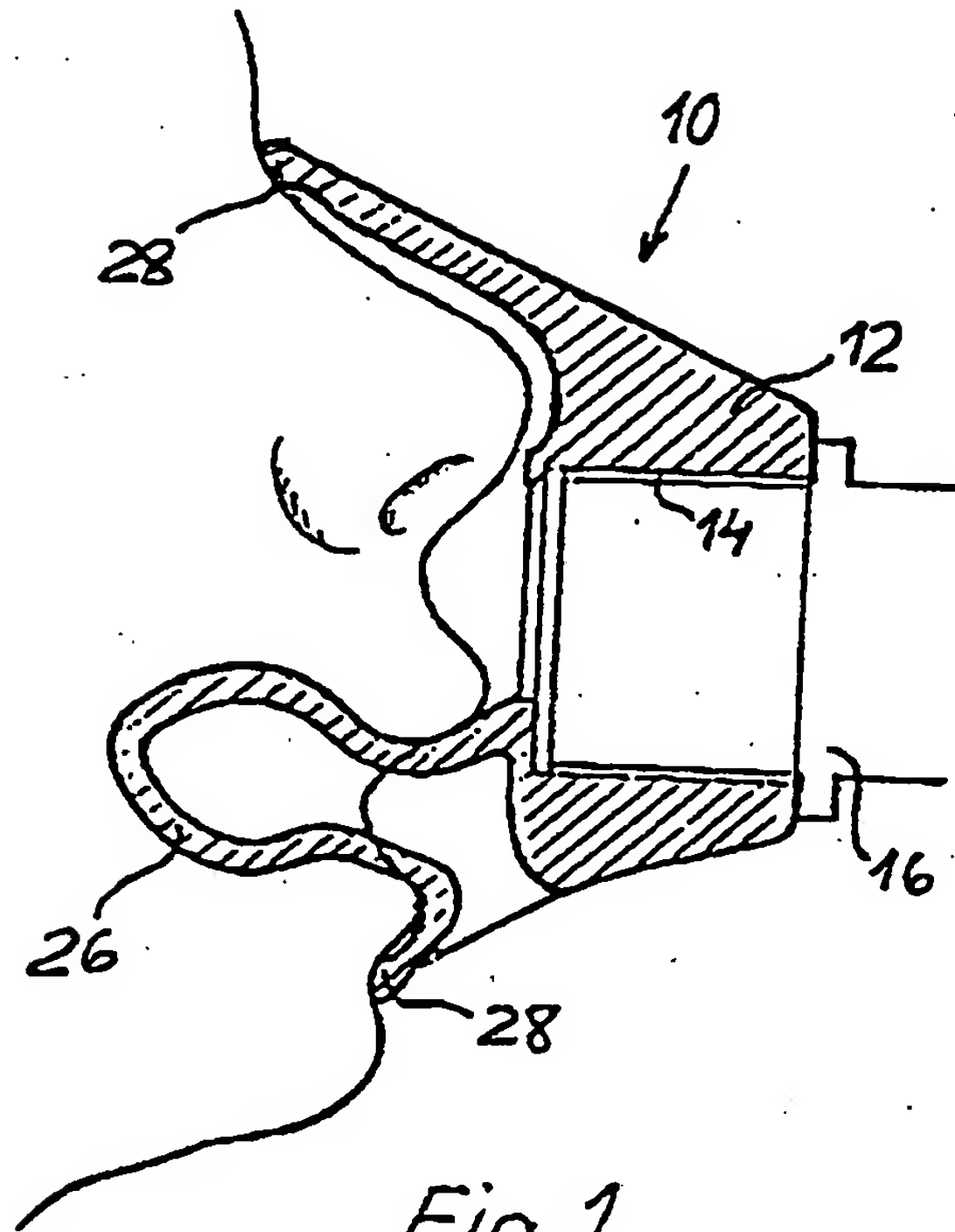
5      CLAIMS

10            1. Anaesthesia mask for infants, comprising a central body section (12) with a through-opening (14) for connection of an anaesthesia tube (18) to the mask, and a bowl-shaped elastic wall (20) projecting from the body section (12), which wall is shaped so as to sealing surround the facial region of the child around the nose and mouth, characterized in that a teat-shaped suction piece (26) is formed unitarily with a section (24) of the wall (20) beneath the through-opening (14), which suction piece (26) is intended to be inserted in the child's mouth so as to facilitates a sealing gradual contact of the outer peripheral edge (28) of the wall against the face by means of the child sucking on the suction piece.

20            2. Anaesthesia mask according to claim 1, characterized in that the outer peripheral edge of the wall (20) presents an inwardly directed bead (28).

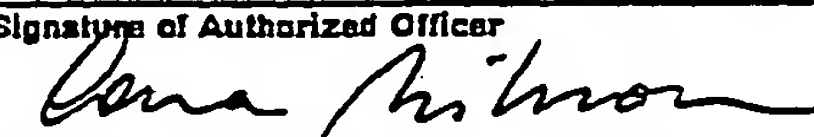
25            3. Anaesthesia mask according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the through-opening (14) houses a nipple (16) for connection of the anaesthesia gas tube (18).

30            4. Anaesthesia mask according to any one of claims 1-3, characterized in that the teat-shaped suction piece (26) is completely sealed.



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/SE 92/00470

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC <b>IPC5: A 61 M 16/06, A 62 B 18/02</b>		
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>		
Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup>		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
IPC5	A 61 M; A 62 B	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the extent that such Documents are included in Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>		
SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above		
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT<sup>9</sup></b>		
Category *	Citation of Document <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No. <sup>13</sup>
Y	US, A, 4520809 (DE GREEF ET AL) 4 June 1985; see abstract; figure 3 --	1-4
Y	US, A, 4896666 (HINKLE) 30 January 1990, see column 3, line 66 - column 4, line 7; column 4, line 57 - line 61; figure 2 -- -----	1-4
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 48%;"> <p><b>* Special categories of cited documents:</b> <sup>10</sup></p> <p><b>"A"</b> document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p><b>"E"</b> earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p><b>"L"</b> document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p><b>"O"</b> document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p><b>"P"</b> document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> </div> <div style="width: 48%;"> <p><b>"T"</b> later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p><b>"X"</b> document of particular relevance, the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p><b>"Y"</b> document of particular relevance, the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p><b>"&amp;"</b> document member of the same patent family</p> </div> </div>		
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b>		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report	
23rd October 1992	26 -10- 1992	
International Searching Authority	Signature of Authorized Officer	
SWEDISH PATENT OFFICE	 Lena Nilsson	



# **ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.PCT/SE 92/00470**

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report.  
The members are as contained in the Swedish Patent Office EDP file on **30/09/92**  
The Swedish Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US-A- 4520809	85-06-04	AU-B- 561009	87-04-30
		CA-A- 1186588	85-05-07
		EP-A-B- 0085639	83-08-10
		AU-D- 1003883	83-07-21
US-A- 4896666	90-01-30	CA-A- 1265967	90-02-20